

## STDCL 1.5 C/C++ Quick Reference Card

STDCL provides a simplified interface to OpenCL designed in a style familiar to conventional UNIX/C programmers.

The STDCL interface provides support for default contexts, a dynamic CL program loader, memory management, kernel management, and asynchronous operations.

## Default CL Contexts

`CLCONTEXT* stddev`  
`CLCONTEXT* stdcpu`  
`CLCONTEXT* stdgpu`  
`CLCONTEXT* stdrpu`  
`CLCONTEXT* stdnpu`

Default context for [all|CPU|GPU|RPU|NPU]  
 OpenCL supported devices.

## Platform

`int clgetndev(CLCONTEXT* clcontext)`

Returns number of devices in context.

`int clgetdevinfo(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 struct cldev_info* info)`

Get information about each device in context.

## Dynamic CL Program Loader

`void* clopen(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 char* filename, int flags)`

`flags: CLLD_NOW, CLLD_NOBUILD`

Build the OpenCL device program and return a handle to the program.

`void* clopen(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 char* srcstr, int flags)`

`flags: CLLD_NOW, CLLD_NOBUILD`

Build the OpenCL device program and return a handle to the program.

`cl_kernel clsym(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 void* handle, char* symbol, int flags)`

`flags: CLLD_NOW`

Returns the kernel object identified by name from the compiled OpenCL device program.

`int clclose(CLCONTEXT* clcontext, void* handle)`

Close the OpenCL device program and release associated resources.

`void* clbuild(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 void* handle, char* options, int flags)`

Build the OpenCL device program and return the handle to the program.

## Memory Management

`void* clmalloc(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 size_t size, int flags)`

`flags: CL_MEM_DETACHED`

Allocate memory that can be shared across OpenCL devices.

`void* clrealloc(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 void* ptr, size_t size, int flags)`

`flags: CL_MEM_DETACHED`

Re-allocate (re-size) memory that can be shared across OpenCL devices.

`int clfree(void* ptr)`

Free device-shareable memory allocated with clmalloc() or an equivalent call.

`int clmctl(void* ptr, int op, ...)`

`int clmctl_va(void* ptr, int op, va_list)`

`op: CL_MCTL_SET_IMAGE2D,`

`CL_MCTL_SET_USERFLAGS,`

`CL_MCTL_CLR_USERFLAGS`

Perform general operations on device-shareable memory allocations.

`cl_event clmsync(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 unsigned int devnum, void* ptr, int flags)`

`flags: CL_MEM_HOST | CL_MEM_DEVICE,`

`CL_EVENT_WAIT | CL_EVENT_NOWAIT,`

`CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Synchronize memory on host or OpenCL device, performing a memory copy as necessary.

`cl_event clmcopy(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 unsigned int devnum, void* src, void* dst,  
 int flags)`

`flags: CL_EVENT_WAIT | CL_EVENT_NOWAIT,  
 CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Copy memory on an OpenCL device.

`int clmattach(CLCONTEXT* clcontext, void* ptr)`

Attach device-shareable memory to context.

`int clmdetach(void* ptr)`

Detach device-shareable memory from context.

`size_t clsizeofmem(void* ptr)`

Return the size of device-shareable memory allocated with clmalloc() or an equivalent call.

`void* clglmalloc(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,`

`cl_GLuInt glbufobj, cl_GlEnum target,`

`cl_GlInt mplevel, int flags)`

`flags: CL_MEM_DETACHED,`

`CL_MEM_GLBUF | CL_MEM_GLTEX2D`

`| CL_MEM_GLTEX3D | CL_MEM_GLRFBUF`

Allocate CL/GL interoperable memory that can be shared across devices.

`cl_event clglmsync(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,`

`unsigned int devnum, void* ptr, int flags)`

`flags: CL_MEM_CLBUF | CL_MEM_GLBUFF,`

`CL_EVENT_WAIT | CL_EVENT_NOWAIT,`

`CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Synchronize CL/GL interoperable memory on device.

## Kernel Management

`clndrange_t clndrange_init[1|2|3] d(`

`int gtoff0, int gtsz0, int ltsz0`

`[, int gtoff1, int gtsz1, int ltsz1,`

`[, int gtoff2, int gtsz2, int ltsz2 ]])`

Initialize N-dimensional range.

`void clarg_set(CLCONTEXT* clcontext, cl_kernel krn,  
 unsigned int argnum, Tn arg )`

Set intrinsic argument of kernel.

`void clarg_set_global(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,`

`cl_kernel krn, unsigned int argnum, void* ptr )`

Set pointer argument of kernel.

`cl_event clfork(CLCONTEXT* clcontext, unsigned  
 int devnum, cl_kernel krn, clndrange_t* ndr_ptr,  
 int flags )`

`flags: CL_EVENT_WAIT | CL_EVENT_NOWAIT,  
 CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Fork kernel for execution on device.

`cl_event clforka(CLCONTEXT* clcontext, unsigned  
 int devnum, cl_kernel krn, clndrange_t* ndr_ptr,  
 int flags [, arg0, ..., argn ])`

`flags: CL_EVENT_WAIT | CL_EVENT_NOWAIT,  
 CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Fork kernel for execution on device, setting kernel arguments as necessary.

## Synchronization

`cl_event clflush(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 unsigned int devnum, int flags )`

`flags: CL_KERNEL_EVENT, CL_MEM_EVENT`

`CL_ALL_EVENT, CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Flush all enqueued operations (non-blocking).

`cl_event clwait(CLCONTEXT* clcontext,  
 unsigned int devnum, int flags )`

`flags: CL_KERNEL_EVENT, CL_MEM_EVENT`

`CL_ALL_EVENT, CL_EVENT_NORELEASE`

Block on all enqueued operations.

## Environment Variables

`STDDEV, STDCPU, STDGPU, STDRPU, STDNPU`

Enable/disable (1/0) default context.

`STD[DEV|CPU|GPU|RPU]_PLATFORM_NAME`

Select platform by name for default context.

`STD[DEV|CPU|GPU|RPU]_MAX_NDEV`

Limit number of devices in context.

`STD[DEV|CPU|GPU|RPU]_LOCK`

Set exclusive lock key for context.

## Notation:

[a | b | ...] indicates a choice between several alternatives and is not part of the syntax.